

UN-GGIM:Americas

REGIONAL COMMITTEE OF UNITED NATIONS ON GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT FOR THE AMERICAS

PRESENTATION COPERNICUSLAC CHILE

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What is Copernicus?



Copernicus is the Earth observation component of the European Union Space programme, which consists in:

- Constellation of Earth Observation
 Satellites, called SENTINEL, which are equipped with different sensors and deliver periodic, open and free information.
- Series of Earth Observation Services, which are built from data from different satellites and In-Situ data, most of which are open and free.



What is CopernicusLAC Chile?

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CopernicusLAC Chile Overview

- Institutional Affiliation: Part of the Center for Mathematical Modeling (CMM) at the University of Chile, a Center of Excellence by ANID.
- Funding: Co-financed by the University of Chile and the European Commission's Directorate-General for International Partnerships (DG INTPA).
- Inauguration: Launched on March 11, 2023, by European Commission Executive Vice President Margrethe Vestager and University of Chile Rector Rosa Devés.



CopernicusLAC Chile Infrastructure







Image Repository







Virtual Machines

In-Situ Data







Launch of Land Cover and Land Use Maps and Urban Atlas

- High-Resolution Maps: These maps, using data from the Sentinel satellite constellation, offer 20meter resolution for land cover and 10-meter resolution for urban areas, providing crucial data for regional planning and disaster management.
- In-Situ Data Collaboration: CopernicusLAC Chile relies on regional cooperation by signing agreements with Latin American countries to access in-situ data, which is crucial for calibrating satellite imagery and enhancing the accuracy of land and climate monitoring.



Land Cover and Land Use Maps

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Climates in LAC: Köppen-Geiger

We need to define different training sets depends on the climate region.







Land Cover and Land Use Maps

We consider the following classes in maps with a resolution of 20 meters per pixel:

- Artificial Surfaces.
- Agriculture and Croplands.
- Forest.
- Shrub or Herbaceous Associations.
- Non-Aquatic Bare Surfaces.
- Snow and Ice.
- Aquatic Surfaces.

Classes to show in				C	ORINE	
first LandCover	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Artificial Surfaces				Urban	1.1.1.	Continuos urban fabric
	1.		1.1.	fabric	1.1.2.	Discontinuos urban fabric
				Industria	1.2.1.	Industrial or comercial units
		Artificial surfaces	1.2.	L.	1.2.2.	Road and rail networks and
				comercia		associated land
				land	1.2.3.	Port areas
				transpor	1.2.4.	Airports
				Mine.	1.3.1.	Mineral extraction sites
			1.3.	dump	1.3.2.	Dump sites
				and	133	Construction sites
				Artificial	1.4.1.	Green urban areas
			1.4.	non-	142	Sport and leisure facilities
Agricultural areas	2.	Agricultu ral areas	2.1.	,	211	Non-irrigated arable land
				Arable land	212	Permanently irrigated land
					213	Rice fields
					2.1.3.	Vinevards
			2.2.	Perment crops	2.2.1.	Fruit troop and herry plantation
					2.2.2.	Olive groups
				Dectures	2.2.3.	Bastures
			2.4.	Heterog	2.4.1.	Annual erene accessized with
						Annual crops associated with
					242	Complex sultivation netterns
				eneous	2.4.2.	Complex currivation patterns
				agricultu		Land principally occupied by
				ral areas		agriculture, with significant are
						of natural vegetation
Forest	з.	Forest	3.1.	Forest	2.4.4.	Agro-torestry areas
					312	Coniferous forest
		seminat			3.1.3.	Mixed forest
Shrub and/or herbaceous vegetation	з.	Forest		Shrub	3 2 1	Natural grassland
		and	3.2.	and/or	3.2.2	Moors and heathland
		seminat ural		berbace	323	Scleronbyllous vegetation
				ous	3.2.4	Transitional woodland/shrub
		Forest		Open	3.3.1.	Beaches, dunes, sands
Open spaces with little or no vegetation*	з.	and seminat ural	3.3.	spaces	3.3.2.	Bare rock
				with	3.3.3.	Sparsely vegetated areas
				little or	3.3.4.	Burnt areas
				Open		
Glaciers and perpetual snow	з.	Forest	3.3.	spaces		
				with	3.3.5	Glaciers and perpetual snow
		seminat		little or		
		ural	0.01	no	0.0.01	
		areas		vegetati		
				on		
Wetlands	4.	Wetland s		Inland	4.1.1.	Inland marshes
			4.1.	wetlands	4.1.2.	Peatbogs
			4.2.	Coastal wetlands	4.2.1.	Salt marshes
					4.2.2.	Salines
					4.2.3.	Intertidal flats
Water Bodies	5.	Water bodies	5.1.	Inland	5.1.1.	Water courses
				waters	5.1.2.	Water bodies
					5.2.1.	Coastal lagoons
			5.2.	Marine		
	1	Doaroo	5.2.		522	Estuaries





Land Cover and Land Use Explorer



Applications





















Urban Atlas

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Urban Atlas

We propose the following Urban Land use classification in maps with a resolution of 10 meters per pixel:

- Built-up Areas.
- Transport Units.
- Bare Soil.
- Urban Greenlands.
- Water Bodies.







Urban Atlas Explorer





Milestones of CopernicusLAC Chile





Land Cover and Land Use for LAC Requirements

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Requirements



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- Control Points and their Metadata (*)
- Methodology (*)
- Existing Land Cover/Use Maps for Verification
- Complementary Meteorological Data
- Agroclimatic Distributions
- Level 2 Proposal

(*) Minimum

Image: Guatemala

Our Commitments





- Annual Land Cover and Use Map for all Latin American and Caribbean countries based on SENTINEL data and field data provided.
- Change Maps.
- Updates when new field data are obtained.
- Processing capacity available for countries that request it.
- Widespread dissemination.



Image: Uruguay

Urban Areas Monitoring for LAC Requirements

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Requirements



Urban GIS Cartography

- Land Use Layer: Information at plot or block level: residential, commercial, industrial, parking, military units, etc.
- Transportation Infrastructure Layer: Structural axes (main, primary, secondary, dirt roads), railways, airports, ports.
- Green Areas Inventory: Distribution of green areas, urban parks, squares, sports green spaces.
- Agricultural Areas Inventory: Arable zones, forests, permanent, seasonal, or mixed crops, herbaceous plants, pastures within functional urban areas.

- Urban Tree Inventory: Georeferenced points showing tree distribution in the city.
- Bare Soil Layer: Distribution of vacant lots, mining extraction sites, construction planning sites, or unused areas.
- Urban Impermeability Layer: Points of soil pits or soil series with data on soil type or permeability.

Requirements





High-Resolution Images

 Aerial photography from drones or planes, multispectral or LIDAR, or commercial highresolution images (<3 m).

Urban Weather Stations

 Hourly or monthly surface temperature data, including technical station information and location coordinates.

Formats

• Vector (.shp, .gdb, .kml, geojson) or raster (.tiff, geotiff, jp2), except for weather data (.xls, .gdb, .shp).



Image: Santiago, Chile

Our Commitments

- Annual Urban Map for each city, with the committed parameters at 10m resolution.
- Change Maps
- Updates provided when new field data is obtained.
- Processing Capacity available for countries that request it.
- Widespread Dissemination







Image: Mexico City, Mexico



THANK YOU!



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