3° CONVERSATORIO VIRTUAL 3° VIRTUAL WEBINAR

CONVERSEMOS SOBRE EL MARCO INTEGRADO DE INFORMACIÓN GEOESPACIAL (UN-IGIF) CONVERSATIONS ON THE INTEGRATED GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION FRAMEWORK (UN-IGIF)

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> Vía Estratégica Nº4: Datos Strategic Pathway Nº4: Data



JN-GGIM: Americas REGIONAL COMMITTEE OF UNITED NATIONS ON GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT FOR THE AMERICAS



PRODUCTION OF GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Mexico Case



TOPICS

- Information of National Interest
- Topographic Information Case
- Tools for production
- Repository of Geographic and Environmental Information

INFORMATION OF NATIONAL INTEREST



The National Statistical and Geographic Information System (SNIEG) deals with Information of National Interest (IIN), which will be official and mandatory for the Federation, the federal entities and the municipalities.

INFORMATION OF NATIONAL INTEREST

Only information that meets the following four criteria may be considered Information of National Interest:

• It deals with the following topics, data groups or indicators:



- It is necessary to support the design and evaluation of public policies of national scope.
- Be generated regularly and periodically.
- It is prepared based on a scientifically supported methodology.

INFORMATION OF NATIONAL INTEREST

Geographic and environmental data sets:

- Atmosphere
- Biodiversity
- Water
- Soil
- Flora
- Fauna
- Coastal, international, federal and municipal limits
- Cadastral, topographic, natural resources and climate data
- Geographic names
- Hazardous waste and solid waste
- Geodetic reference frame
- Continental, insular and underwater elevations data



CASE OF TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION



Information that aims to represent the infrastructure, orography, hydrography and populations of the country. In it, all these elements and the relationships they have with each other are faithfully recorded. It contains information on elevation data, hydrographic features, dense vegetation, areas with agricultural activities, localities and communication routes, in addition to the names of the features (toponymy) and localities.

METHODOLOGICAL CHANGE





In 2023, the 1:50,000 scale topographic information had a methodological change in its production process.

The two main changes that stand out the most are the following:

 The vector update is now carried out on a national continuum (previously the update was carried out cartographic format by cartographic format)

 Update and release period is now one year (previously update and release cycle was six years)

UPDATE ON A NATIONAL CONTINUOUS

Example of a body of water within the limits of cartographic formats.



For this case there were eight polygons, each one with a different identifier.

UPDATE ON A NATIONAL CONTINUOUS

Example of a body of water in the national continuum



All the geometries were joined to form a single polygon



CHAPALA LAKE CASE

When the union is made, a single geometry remains:



ACTIVITIES OF THE PRODUCTION PROCESS OF TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION



TOOLS FOR PRODUCTION



To achieve what was proposed in the new methodology for producing Topographic Information at a scale of 1:50,000, several strategies were defined and the necessary solutions were developed. Some key points are the following:

- Production supported by a centralized geographic database with access from the national level.
- Custom development of vector editing tools for updating topographic features.
- Topological and attribute validation within the same production line.
- Development of a satellite image web service for use in vector editing tools.

TOPOGRAPHIC EXTRACTION AND DIGITALIZATION TOOL



It is an advanced vector editing tool with a web interface that connects to a geographic database containing the national continuum of topographic information.



EXAMPLE OF FUNCTIONALITY



"Complete Polygon" tool. Using an auxiliary guide line, a polygon is generated that shares exact boundaries with an existing polygon.



It is just an example of the advanced vector editing functionalities that HEDIT has.

HIGH RESOLUTION IMAGE SERVICE

The service allows access to satellite images from any computer connected to the Institutional network, it is used in the HEDIT.

It consists of a WMS and a WMTS for image display.

It is accompanied by a WFS to query essential image attributes, such as image taking date and resolution.



RESULTS OBTAINED



The 1:50,000 scale National Topographic Information Continuum database contains 17,272,774 instances of cartographic objects.

During the 2024 update operation, 4,920,837 instances were updated.

151 editors from regional and state offices of the Institute participated in the update.

A national set of vector data is being extracted from the database and will be published, for download, on the INEGI website this December.

REPOSITORY OF GEOGRAPHICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

All geographic and environmental information produced at the Institute is sent for safekeeping and administration to the Geographic and Environmental Information Repository.



REPOSITORY OF GEOGRAPHICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The different information needs of users are met from the repository through the Public Information Service.



FINAL COMMENTS

Accurate, updated and accessible geographic information is essential for good government decisionmaking. It is important that production processes are aligned with the objectives of the national system, that they are efficient and effective, that they are controlled and that personnel have the appropriate tools for their work. There is always room for innovation in the production of geographic information, processes can be improved little by little or radical leaps can be made when it is most convenient and the institution is prepared for it.

Thank you for your time

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