

## FDES AND ITS IMPLEMENTATION TOOLS

DA12 project Kick-off webinar: Introduction to climate change and disaster statistics in the Caribbean 9, 10 and 11 March 2021



## **OUTLINE**

- 1. Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics (FDES 2013)
- 2. Basic Set of Environment Statistics (BSES) and BSES manual
- 3. Environment Statistics Self-Assessment Tool (ESSAT)
- 4. SDG indicators + Basic Set (FDES) matrix
- 5. Concluding remarks



## FRAMEWORK FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS (FDES 2013)



- The UN Statistical Commission endorsed the revised FDES 2013 at its 44th session in 2013 as the framework for strengthening environment statistics programmes in countries.
- The Statistical Commission also recognized the FDES 2013 as a useful tool in the context of sustainable development goals (SDGs) and the post-2015 development agenda.
- The objectives are:
  - Help international and regional institutions to support strengthening capacity in countries to develop environment statistics
  - Enhance comparability and availability of environment statistics using a common framework
  - Better inform policy making decisions

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdes.cshtml in English, Arabic, Portuguese, Spanish and Russian



# Countries applying the FDES to environment statistics and climate change statistics compendia



All compendia available at: <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdescompendia.cshtml">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdescompendia.cshtml</a>

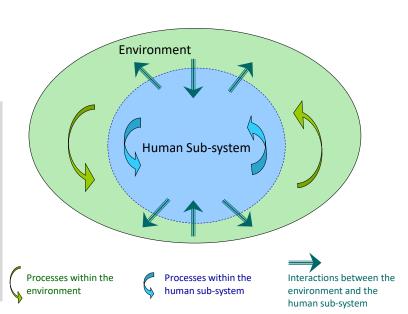


#### FDES is structured into 6 components



- ❖ FDES covers biophysical aspects of the environment; aspects of the human sub-system that directly influence the state and quality of the environment, and the impacts of the changing environment on the human sub-system.
- It includes interactions within and among the environment, human activities and natural events.

- The FDES can be applied to inform about cross-cutting policy issues important to countries at any given time.
- Examples:
  - Water and the environment
  - Energy and the environment
  - Climate change
  - Agriculture and the environment



#### **Main Attributes of the Components of the FDES**

FDES Component	Description	Types of Data	Main Sources and Institutions	Relation to DPSIR and the SEEA
1 Environmental Conditions and Quality	Meteorological, hydrographical, geological, geographical, biological, physical and chemical conditions and characteristics of the environment that determine ecosystems and environmental quality	<ul><li> Geospatial</li><li> Physical</li><li> Qualitative</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Monitoring and remote sensing data</li> <li>Environmental, meteorological, hydrological, geological and geographical authorities or institutions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>State and Impact element in DPSIR</li> <li>Experimental ecosystem accounts of the SEEA</li> </ul>
2 Environmental Resources and their Use	Quantities of environmental resources and their changes, and statistics on activities related to their use and management	<ul> <li>Physical</li> <li>Geospatial</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statistical surveys, administrative records, field surveys, land registers</li> <li>Sector statistics on production and consumption activities, infrastructure</li> <li>Remote sensing data</li> <li>Statistics databases of respective national authorities and institutions such as mining, energy, agriculture, water and forest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Driving force,         Pressure and State         elements in DPSIR</li> <li>Asset and physical         flow accounts of         the SEEA-CF</li> </ul>
3 Residuals	Generation, management and discharge of residuals to air, water and soil	• Physical	<ul> <li>Administrative records</li> <li>Estimates based on activity statistics and technical coefficients</li> <li>Sector statistics</li> <li>Monitoring data</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pressure and Response elements in DPSIR</li> <li>Physical flow accounts of the SEEA-CF</li> </ul>

#### Main Attributes of the Components of the FDES (cont.)

FDES Component	Description	Types of Data	Main Sources and Institutions	Relation to DPSIR and the SEEA
4 Extreme Events and Disasters	Occurrence and impact of natural extreme events and disasters, and technological disasters	<ul><li>Physical</li><li>Monetary</li><li>Geospatial</li><li>Qualitative</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Administrative records</li> <li>Remote sensing</li> <li>National emergency and disaster authorities</li> <li>Seismic, meteorological monitoring and research centres</li> <li>Industrial complexes that work with hazardous substances and processes</li> <li>Insurance companies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pressure, Impact and Response elements in DPSIR</li> <li>Asset accounts of the SEEA-CF</li> </ul>
5 Human Settlements and Environmental Health	The built environment in which humans live, particularly with regard to population, housing, living conditions, basic services and environmental health	<ul><li>Geospatial</li><li>Physical</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Population and housing censuses, household surveys, administrative records, and remote sensing</li> <li>Health and administrative records</li> <li>Housing and urban planning and oversight authorities</li> <li>Cartographic authorities</li> <li>Transport authorities</li> <li>Health authority</li> </ul>	Driving force,     Pressure and     Impact elements     in DPSIR
6 Environmental Protection, Management and Engagement	Environmental protection and resource management expenditure, environmental regulation, both direct and via market instruments, disaster preparedness, environmental perception, awareness and engagement of the society	<ul><li>Monetary</li><li>Qualitative</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Administrative records</li> <li>Surveys</li> <li>Entity producing government expenditure statistics</li> <li>Statistical entity in charge of national or subnational surveys</li> <li>Environmental authority and other sector authorities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Response element in DPSIR</li> <li>Environmental activity accounts and related flows of the SEEA-CF</li> </ul>

## Methodological Development and Dissemination of Knowhow on UNSD website

### Climate Change Statistics

- Climate Change and the FDES
- Global Set of Climate Change Statistics and Indicators
- Areas and topics included in the Global Set

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdes.cshtml

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/index.cshtml

#### ⊗ Methodology

Methodological work includes the elaboration of frameworks, concepts, methods, definitions, and data compilation guidelines to support the development and harmonization of national and international statistics on the environment

- FDES 2013
- Basic Set of Environment Statistics
- Environment Statistics Self-Assessment Tool
- Expert Group on Environment Statistics
- Manual on the Basic Set of Environment Statistics
- International Recommendations for Water Statistics
- Environmental surveys
- Ocncepts and Methods of Environment Statistics
- Glossary

#### Capacity Development

Technical cooperation, training and capacity building is provided through regional and sub-regional projects, international training workshops, fellowship arrangements and assistance to countries. Recent projects covered the countries of the CARICOM, ESCWA, ECOWAS and EAC regions.

- COMESA
- EAC project
- ECOWAS project
- ESCWA project
- CARICOM project
- Workshops

#### **Basic Set of Environment Statistics**

- BSES is available in all UN official languages:
   <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdes/basicset.cshtml">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdes/basicset.cshtml</a>
- All statistical tables from chapter 3 included, on 44 pages document
- From Basic set to core set in chapter 4

Sub-compone	nt 1.1	1: Physical Conditions			
Topic	(	Statistics and Related Information  Bold Text - Core Set/Tier 1; Regular Text - Tier 2;  Italictud Text - Tier 3)	Category of Measurement	Potential Aggregations and Scales	Methodological Guidance
Topic 1.1.1: Atmosphere, climate and weather	а. b.	Temperature  1. Monthy average  2. Minimum monthy average  3. Maximum monthy average  Precipitation (also in 2.6 1.a)  1. Annual average  2. Long term annual average  2. Long term annual average  4. Minimum monthly value  4. Minimum monthly value  Maximum monthly value  Relative hontidity  Relative hontidity  Also minimum monthly value  2. Maximum monthly value  2. Maximum monthly value	Degrees Degrees Degrees Height Height Height Height Number	National     Sub-national	World     Meteorological     Organization (WMO)     Intergovernmental     Panel on Climate     Change (IPCC)     National Oceanic     and Atmospheric     Administration     (NOAA) National     Aeronautics and Space     Administration     (NASA)
	d. Pressure  1. Minimum monthly value 2. Maximum monthly value e. Wind speed 1. Minimum monthly value	Pressure  1. Minimum monthly value  2. Maximum monthly value  Wind speed	Pressure unit Pressure unit Speed Speed	National     Sub-national     By station      National     Sub-national	
	f.	Solar radiation  1. Average daily value  2. Average monthly value	Area, Energy unit Area, Energy unit		• WMO • IPCC • NOAA/NASA

- generating national sets or databases of environment statistics.
- reporting on environment (MEAs) or sustainable development (SDGs).
- calculating environmental indicators.
- generating environmental-economic accounts.

Number of Statistics	Component 1	Component 2	Component 3	Component 4	Component 5	Component 6	Total		
Tier 1	32	30	19	4	12	3	100		
Tier 2	58	51	34	11	22	24	200		
Tier 3	51	43	5	16	20	23	158		
Total	141	124	58	31	54	50	458		



#### Manual on the Basic Set of Environment Statistics

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdes/manual\_bses.cshtml

- MS 1.1.4 Soils
- MS 1.2.2 Ecosystems and Biodiversity Statistics
- MS 1.2.1 & 2.3.1 Land Cover and Land Use
- MS 1.2.3, 2.3.2, 2.5.1 & 2.5.5 Forests
- MS 1.3.1 Air Quality
- MS 1.3.1 and 3.1.1 GHG Statistics new
- MS 1.3.3 Marine Water Quality Statistics new
- MS 2.1 Mineral Resources
- MS 2.2 Energy Resources
- MS 2.5 Crops and Livestock Statistics
- 内MS 2.6 Water Resources
- MS 3.3.1 & 3.3.2 Generation and Management of Waste
- MS 5.1 Human Settlements
- MS 6.1.1 Environmental Protection Expenditures



Includes: definitions, classifications, statistical methods for collection and/or compilation, dissemination and main uses of the sets of the respective environment statistics.

Forthcoming: Wastewater, Environmental Health, Disasters



#### **Environment Statistics Self-Assessment Tool**

Introduction

English Arabic\* Chinese\* French\* Portuguese\* new Russian\* Spanish\*

Part I: Institutional Dimension of Environment Statistics

English Arabic\* Chinese\* French\* Portuguese\* new Russian\* Spanish\*

Part II: Statistics Level Assessment

English <u>excel\_pdf</u>, Arabic\* <u>excel\_pdf</u>, Chinese\* <u>excel\_pdf</u>,

French\* excel pdf, Portuguese\* excel pdf, Russian\* excel pdf,

Spanish\* <u>excel</u> <u>pdf</u>



### **ESSAT Part II**

																												1 1			
Component 1	1: Environmenta	l Condit	ions and	Quali	ty																										
	Statistics and Related Information		Scales	nal Level et Applicable)	ection ority)	onal Level ble)	Inst Resp Co	Priman titution onsiblection ollection statistic eck all apply	on(s) ole for ing tic that		User C Repo	uirem Requ Collect orting Statis ieck al appl	iests tion/ g on ti stic il tha	for his	ır [specify])	le	e	lividual records)	<b>t</b>	Main (	is n	ot A	why s vailab hat a	ole							
	Bold Text - Core Set/Tier  1 Regular Text - Tier 2 Italicized Text - Tier 3	Category of Measurement	Potential Aggregations and	Potential Aggregations and Scales Relevance of Statistic at the National Level (High /Medium /Low/Not Relevant/Not Applicable)	Potential Aggregations and Relevance of Statistic at the Nation (High /Medium /Low/Not Relevant/No	Relevance of Statistic at the Nation (High /Medium /Low/Not Relevant/No	Relevance of Statistic at the Nation (High /Medium /Low/Not Relevant/No	Priority for National Data Collection (High/Medium/Low/Not a Priority)	(angar) Availability of Statistic at the National Level (Identical/Similar/Not Available)	NSO	Ministry of Environment or equivalent institution	Other (specify):	Type of Data Source	Sub-national	National	Regional	International	(Annual/Monthly/Daily/Hourly/Other [specify])	Earliest Year Available	Latest Year Available	Format of Statistic (Publication/Excel/Database/Website/Individual records)	Unit of Measurement	Resource constraints	Methodological/Technical difficulty in data collection	Insufficient quality	Inaccessibility	Lack of institutional set-up/coordination	Other (specify):			
	1.1: Physical Condi																														
-	ohere, climate and weathe																														
a. Temperature	Monthly average     Minimum monthly average	Degrees Degrees	<ul> <li>National</li> <li>Sub-national</li> </ul>			<u> </u>	₩	$\rightarrow$	$\dashv$	oxdot	$\vdash$	$\rightarrow$	_	+	$\rightarrow$			$\vdash$	$\dashv$	_	_	$\rightarrow$	_	$\rightarrow$	-						
	3. Maximum monthly average	Degrees	odb national			<u> </u>	$\vdash$	+	$\dashv$	$\vdash$	-+	+		+	-+			Н						$\dashv$	+		Check Box	x			
b. Precipitation (also in	1. Annual average	Height					$\Box$																	$\neg$							
2.6.1.a)	2. Long-term annual	Height					$\Box$	=	=		$\Box$	$\Box$		$\perp$					-					$\Box$			High	Н			
,	Monthly average     Minimum monthly value	Height Height				<u> </u>	₩	$\rightarrow$	$\dashv$	oxdot	$\longmapsto$	$\rightarrow$	_	+	$\rightarrow$			ш	$\dashv$	_		_	_	$\rightarrow$	-		Medium Low	M			
	Maximum monthly value     Maximum monthly value	Height		$\vdash$		$\vdash$	$\vdash$	+	$\dashv$	$\vdash$	-	$\rightarrow$	+	+	$\rightarrow$			Н	-	-		$\rightarrow$	-	$\rightarrow$	+		Not Relevant	L NR			
c. Relative humidity	Minimum monthly value	Number				$\vdash$	+	+	$\dashv$	-	$\Box$	+	+	+	$\dashv$			$\vdash$	-	_	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	_	$\dashv$	$\dashv$		Not Applicable	NAp			
	2. Maximum monthly value	Number						二				二		1	二																
d. Pressure	1. Minimum monthly value	Pressure unit	<ul><li>National</li><li>Sub-national</li></ul>								$\Box$																High	Н			
∢ → Ins	structions Identi	fication		Compo	ner	it 1	C	.om	pon	ient	2	C	om	npo	nen	t 3	Со	mpo	oner	nt 4	.	Co	omp	oor	nent	t 5	C <sub>1</sub> (+)	:			



## SDG indicators + Basic Set (FDES) matrix

#### https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/fdes/SDGsInd BasicSetMatrix.pdf

SDG Indicators	Location in the FDES: Component Sub-Component and Topic	Statistics used in the SDG Indicator corresponding to BSES (SDG Indicator can be compiled either fully or partially from BSES statistics)	Statistics related to but not directly used in SDG Indicators OR Statistics related to Tier III indicators (either fully or partially linked to BSES)	Supporting Information
15.3.1 Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area (Tier II)	Component 1: Environmental Conditions and Quality, Sub-component 1.1: Physical Conditions, Topic 1.1.4: Soil characteristics	1.1.4.a. Soil characterization 1.1.4.a.1. Area by soil types 1.1.4.b. Soil degradation 1.1.4.b.1. Area affected by soil erosion 1.1.4.b.2. Area affected by desertification 1.1.4.b.3. Area affected by salinization 1.1.4.b.4. Area affected by waterlogging 1.1.4.b.5. Area affected by acidification 1.1.4.b.6. Area affected by compaction 1.1.4.c. Nutrient content of soil, measured in levels of: 1.1.4.c.1. Nitrogen (N) 1.1.4.c.2. Phosphorous (P) 1.1.4.c.3. Calcium (Ca) 1.1.4.c.4. Magnesium (Mg) 1.1.4.c.5. Potassium (K) 1.1.4.c.6. Zinc (Zn) 1.1.4.c.7. Other		The indicator proposes sub-indicators of land cover and land cover change; land productivity and carbon stocks above and below ground.
	Component 1: Environmental Conditions and Quality, Sub-component 1.2: Land Cover, Ecosystems and Biodiversity, Topic 1.2.1: Land cover	1.2.1.a. Area under land cover categories		

#### Other matrices

#### https://www.oceanaccounts.org/technical-guidance-on-ocean-accounting-2/

#### 6.4 Potential FDES (2013) topics and statistics applicable to Ocean Accounts

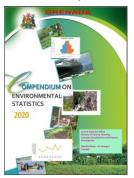
538. The table provides a basic indication of FDES (2013) topics and statistics which may be relevant to the proposed set of Ocean Accounts. This is a broad indication given that the ocean accounts are in development and is thus subject to further refinement. It draws particularly on the August 2018 workshop concept note<sup>209</sup>.

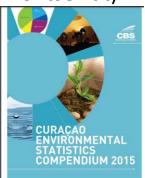
	Proposed Ocean	Disaggregation	FDES Component, Sub-component and	FDES Statistic	Notes
,	Accounts	20	Topic	0301 10100 121	
	Source: Annex 1	National,	Further work is necessary to identify the	Statistics have been	
	Concept Note ESCAP	international	ocean related spatial areas.	proposed where	
	Expert Workshop on	waters, sub-national		possible, otherwise	
	Ocean Accounts 1-3	(bay, coastline). In		only the FDES (2013)	
	August 2018	general, FDES would		Topic level is provided	
		need to be more		and the statistics cell is	
		specific about the		not yet completed.	
		spatial areas to			
		cover.			
	Drivers/Pressures				
1	Air emissions (GHGs		Component 3: Residuals, Sub-		
	and others)		component 3.1: Emissions to Air, Topic		
			3.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases		
2	Effluents		Component 3: Residuals, Sub-	•3.2.3.a.2:	Would need to
	Water flows to the		component 3.2: Generation and	Wastewater	specify at risk areas.
	ocean		Management of Wastewater, Topic	discharge: Total	
	Solid wastes		3.2.3: Discharge of wastewater to the	volume of	
	Plastics		environment	wastewater	
	Hazardous waste			discharged to the	
				environment without	
				treatment	
			Component 3: Residuals, Sub-		
			component 3.3: Generation and		
			Management of Waste: Topic 3.3.1		
			Generation of Waste and Topic 3.3.2:		
			Management of Waste		UC Charter Cada 30
			Component 2: Environmental Resources		HS Chapter Code 39
			and their Use, Sub-component 2.2:		Plastics and articles
			Energy Resources, Topic 2.2.2:		thereof. Plastics



## Concluding remarks

- 1. FDES offers guidance to countries to develop stand-alone environment statistics
  - Applied to support national policies on environmental management
  - Assisting international reporting requirements (MEA, SDGs, Sendai)
  - Countries have developed their own frameworks based on the FDES
  - Countries are encouraged to publish compendia and other dissemination outputs according to the FDES as several have done in the region (Grenada, Jamaica, Suriname, Curação, Montserrat)







- 2. Component 4 (on disasters), however remains challenging to complete because of very dynamic developments on terminology and classifications
- Disasters: Hazard Definition Classification Review has been launched,
   <a href="https://www.undrr.org/publication/hazard-definition-and-classification-review">https://www.undrr.org/publication/hazard-definition-and-classification-review</a>
- 3. Cross cutting themes, as climate change (in chapter 5) are continuously evolving therefore UNSD initiated its work on the Global Set